#### EMU Theory Of Offense

Our major offensive goal is to score and win! In order to reach that goal we must first meet the following objectives:

- 1. Control the ball with consistency.
- 2. Give our defense and kicking game good field position.
- 3. Take advantage of the opportunities our defense and kicking game presents us with.
- 4. Maintain our poise and confidence at all times.
- Attack intelligently and very aggressively!

We will use a balanced offensive attack that will give us the best opportunity to reach our goal. Our balanced offense will consist of a strong triple option-based running attack, coordinated play action passes, and a control passing attack. We will use various formations to develop this attack. This allows us the opportunity to change our basic attack as necessary and does not allow our opponents to concentrate on just one phase of our game in their preparation.

The triple option with its <u>complimentary running plays</u> is simple for our execution; however, very complicated to defense for our opposition. It enables us to make total use of all our backs with various blocking patterns at all points of attack. The coordinated play action passes forces our opponents to play us honest and gives us a quick surprise scoring opportunity.

Our control passing attack enables us to take the best advantage of the passing situation when desired. It also forces our opposition to split their preparation between two offensive attacks that are opposite in defensive theory.

The theory of our offense is based on the fact that we can take advantage of the defense. Therefore, it is essential that we not only know and execute our offense, but that we know and understand defense. The main ingredient in taking advantage of the defense is an aggressive you. So, dedicate yourself to being the most aggressive offense in the entire NATION.

THE OFFENSE IS AN IMPORTANT PART OF A WHOLE TEAM!

#### OFFENSIVE GOALS

SEASON GOAL: To be the most aggressive offense in the entire NATION!

GAME GOALS: 1. Win

- 2. Over 400 yards total offense
- 3. Don't give ball up inside our 50 yard line
- 4. Convert 55% THIRD down SITUATIONS
- 5. NO turnovers
- 6. Complete 55% of our passes
- 7. Make at least one first down every possession
- 8. Get points every time we get inside our opponents 25 yard line
- 9. Less than 25 yards in penalties

INDIVIDUAL GOAL: BE THE BEST I CAN BE!

#### REMEMBER:

"The Will to Prepare to Win is Just as Important as the Will to Win"

### **ORGANIZATION**

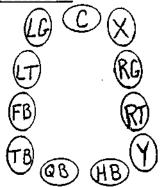
#### I. CADENCE

- "Down"...."Set"...."Hut".
- 2. Mix-up Snap Counts....Use "Down" on plays we know we won't audible.
- 3. If we want the defense to jump on 3rd or 4th down and less than 5 yrds., call "FREEZE". Center snaps when defense jumps in neutral zone, if they don't, we will call time or take the penalty. Also, use "FREEZE", then a play, by starting snap over from "DOWN".

#### II. AUDIBLES

- Our audible call will be the PLAY NUMBER itself, and will be called between "Down" and "Set" of our CADENCE.
  - a. The number will be called twice.
  - b. "Opposite" Audible means same play and same blocking scheme to the other side.
- 2. With audibles the ball will <u>always</u> be snapped on the first "Hut". <u>All</u> QB calls are considered audibles.
- We won't Audible when using motion or when a play is called on "Down".
- 4. QB Sneak Audible simply pinch the center.

#### III. HUDDLE ORGANIZATION



- 1. <u>Jog</u> back into your huddle position after the previous play.
- 2. Center sets the huddle at 6 yds. from L.O.S.

- 3. Everyone stands comfortably, being attentive for the down and distance reminder, until the QB enters the huddle, at which time the center says, "Set".
  - a. Prior to theQB entering the huddle every player checks for down and distance, and <u>fullback</u> calls down and distance.
  - b. Upon the center's command of "Set", everyone immediately puts their hands on their knees, their eyes on the QB and listens for the play. See What You Hear!!
- 4. Upon leaving the huddle, <u>run</u> to the L.O.S. Get into formation and down into stance...READY.

#### IV. PLAY CALLING

- Formation...shift, motion or both...play...snap count.
- 2. QB calls the signals once, the C releases, Guards close huddle, then QB repeats play and snap counts.
  - a. If any player need it repeated he says, "Check".
  - b. If not "Check" is called, the QB says "Ready-Break", the team simultanelusly claps, yells score and releases to the L.O.S. on the run.

#### V. SPLITS

- 1. General Rule: Offensive Line Open End
  C-G-3' Note: Backside guard may tighten
  G-T-4'-5' split so you can effectively scoop if
  nose defense.
- 2. General Rule: Offensive Line-Tight
  C-G-3' Note: Short yardage, 38-39 TOM, 18G-T-3' 19 counter will cause the tackle to
  T-Y-4' reduce his line split.
- 3. SE(X) or TE(Y)-wide, General Rule: <u>Split</u> vary according to certain plays, and <u>you</u> must learn to vary your splits. (Always must be able to run routes inside, outside, short or deep, no closer than 6 yds. from sideline).
  - a. Ball on Far Hash 5 yds. outside opposite hash and never wider than top of the numbers.
  - b. Ball in middle at the top of the numbers.
  - c. Ball on near hash bottom of numbers.

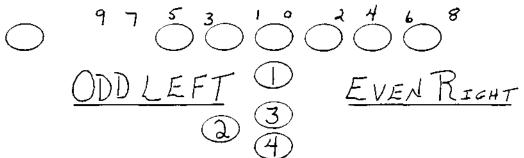
- 4. Slot 1 yd. behind and 2 yds. outside your tackle.
- 5. Z Receiver in the Arkansas formation split 6-8 yds. from his tackle according to assignment.

#### VI. ALIGNMENTS

- OG's hands are on a "plane" with the center's toes.
   \*Note: Your helmet must intersect the plane of the center's belt.
- 2. OT's align, even to the OG, and the Y to the OT.
- 3. On goal line offensive line Crowd L.O.S.
- 4. FB's heels will be 5 yds. from ball.
- 5. HB's hands will be on plane with FB's heels with feet 3 1/2' wide from FB's heels. \*Note: Certain plays require certain alignments.
- 6. TB will align 2 yds. behind FB. Increase to a 3 ydr
  or 8yls from bell on 1055-750

#### VII. NUMBERING SYSTEMS

- 1. Plays are called by numbers and descriptive terms.
  - a. Backs are numbered and so are holes.



- b. Number and descriptive term denotes the play and backfield action.
- c. The word "Pass" always precedes any pass play.
- Assignments are based on rules for each play and must be memorized.

Single digits-"catch all series" (bootleg, reverse, quick toss, etc.)

Teens-Counter option series, lead option, sneak

- 20 Goalline, 24-23 slot trap
- 30 Option series, cut, FB trap, freeze
- 40 Toss, Iso Draw, Crossbuck

- Pass 4-5 Drop back control passing game (backside swinging 2 back or full house formations, inside receiver routes are numbered, outside receivers routes are called).
- Pass 6-7 Dropback passing Game (backside swing with TB, Flood call TB runs 2 route to call side, BOB

Pass 60 - Delay passing game.

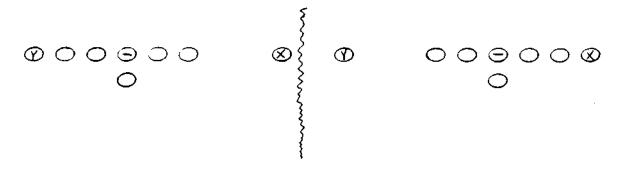
Pass 8-9 - Sprint out game (inside routes are numbered, outside routes are called).

#### VIII. FORMATIONS

- 1. Our formations mirror themselves since we flip-flop only X and Y.
- 2. The huddle call of Right or Left denotes the side of the formation where  $\underline{Y}$  will align.  $\underline{X}$  aligns opposite.
- 3. Other terms such as "Power", "Arkansas", "Tight", "Over", "Wide", and "Doubles" denote the alignment position of the backs and receivers.

#### IX. SHIFTS

- 1. We can change our formation set at the L.O.S. to confuse the defense and gain an advantage.
- 2. "Shift" call is given in the huddle. We shift on "Down". Example: Left, "shift" to Right:

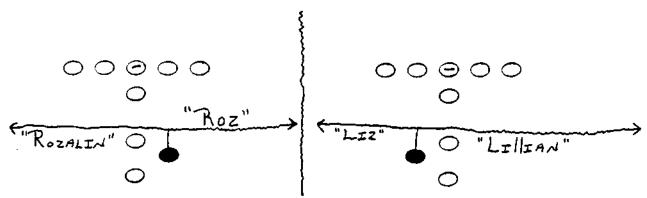


3. We will shift to any formation with both backs and receivers being able to move after we set.

#### X. MOTION

1. We will put our B's in motion either way and therefore change the formation set on the move.

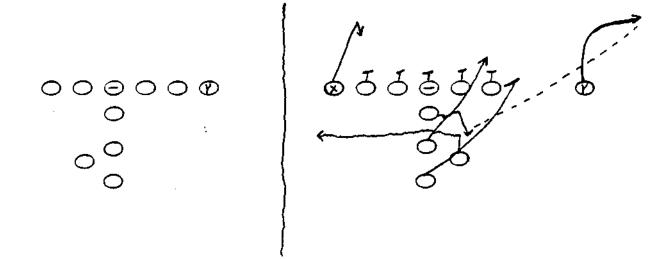
2. The terms ROZ and ROZALIN are used for the Right RB and LIZ and LILLIAN for the Left RB.



The back starts in motion on the QB's command of "Set".

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EXAMPLE: Full huddle call by Ouarterback
-right shift to left, Rozalin, Pass 32, Y-out, on 2
-Pass 32H, on 2, ready-break, clap-"score"!!



### XI. <u>TERMINOLOGY</u>

#### 1. GENERAL

Backside - Side away from the play call.

**Bootleg** - QB fakes one way and sprints opposite working off the L.O.S. Can be pass or run.

E.M.L.O.S. - Defensive "End man on the line of scrimmage."

First read area - "B" Gap: area between the G & T on 32-33. "C" Gap: area between T & End on 34-35.

Second read area - "C" Gap: area between T & Y on 32-33.

"Red, Red" - 2 minute offensive: line-up on the ball.

<u>Invert</u> - Safety support out of the secondary (inside out).

Kickout - Inside out blocking technique.

Landmark - Target or aiming point.

LBer Level - Blocking reference point - level that LB lines up on.

**Opposite** - Audible tells us play called is now going to other side.

**Roll** - Corner support out of the secondary.

Shift - Term used to change formation; it precedes formation we will end up in.

Stalk Block - A position blocking technique used by receivers and backs.

X - Split end.

 $\underline{Y}$  - Tight end.

Winners - WHAT YOU MAKE YOURSELF!!!!

"Red Clock" - Line up on the ball, QB throws ball into ground to stop the clock.

"Z" - HB in wide position in pro set.

### 2. **RECEIVERS**

<u>Crack</u> - Block on F.S. support from wide-out position.

C.O.L. - "Come open late."

**Down** - Tight receiver blocking "C" Gap.

"5" Call - Release and block corner support (#2). 10 yard rule applies.

Release - How a receiver comes off the ball (inside or outside).

Rule of Ten - Read and block #2 support. V

Squat - Corner collision on S.E. (Cov. 2 or Roll Coverage).

<u>Safe-T</u> - Tight receiver blocking "T" and running back taking an "H" path or 1/2 arc to block the safety.

Stalk - (#1 man - outside deep 1/3) receiver releases fast and reads the secondary coverage. Maintain leverage in the front outside 1/2 of the man and be ready to attack him high or with a crossbody block.

<u>Switch</u> - QB called - outside receiver blocking back at LB level (SS to LB).

- Tight receiver blocking the man on him and working for position according to the play called.

Tan - Double team block between tackle and tight end.

"Seal" - Inside release, block LB to FS, vs. 7 technique, release up field.

# 3. **BACKS**

<u>Arc Block</u> - #2 man - pitch contain - lead back runs at top speed on your "hi-way" to the outside hip of the corner support. If he comes up hard and wide, outside your "hi-way", stay up and kick him out.

**Drive Block** - Back blocking end out.

"ECHO" - Call by onside tackle to warn QB of stack.

Fill - Fullback blocking the man over the pulling guard.

"H" - Lead back blocks first man showing over or outside the end.

(E.M.L.O.S.) - Attack outside thigh.

Hiway - Pathway for lead back on arc block.

"5" Call - Tells HB to pin LB on play side or continue to safety.

Safe-T - Path to block safety. Tight receiver blocks "T".

<u>Load</u> - Running back blocking first man showing outside the offensive tackle.

Lead Back - HB lead blocking on the play.

Pitch Back - HB receiving the ball (or faking) on the play.

#### 4. LINEMEN

<u>Area</u> - Backside pass protection used instead of OLP in hard stunting linemen. Take inside drop step and fan block.

Base - Blocking in-on-LB on runs, and in-on for passes.

Cardinal - Center-guard onside combo block.

<u>Charlie</u> - Center-guard "step around" block.

<u>Cutoff</u> - Position block, use backside when responsible to protect the front side gap.

<u>Combo</u> - Blocking adjustment off the double team block.

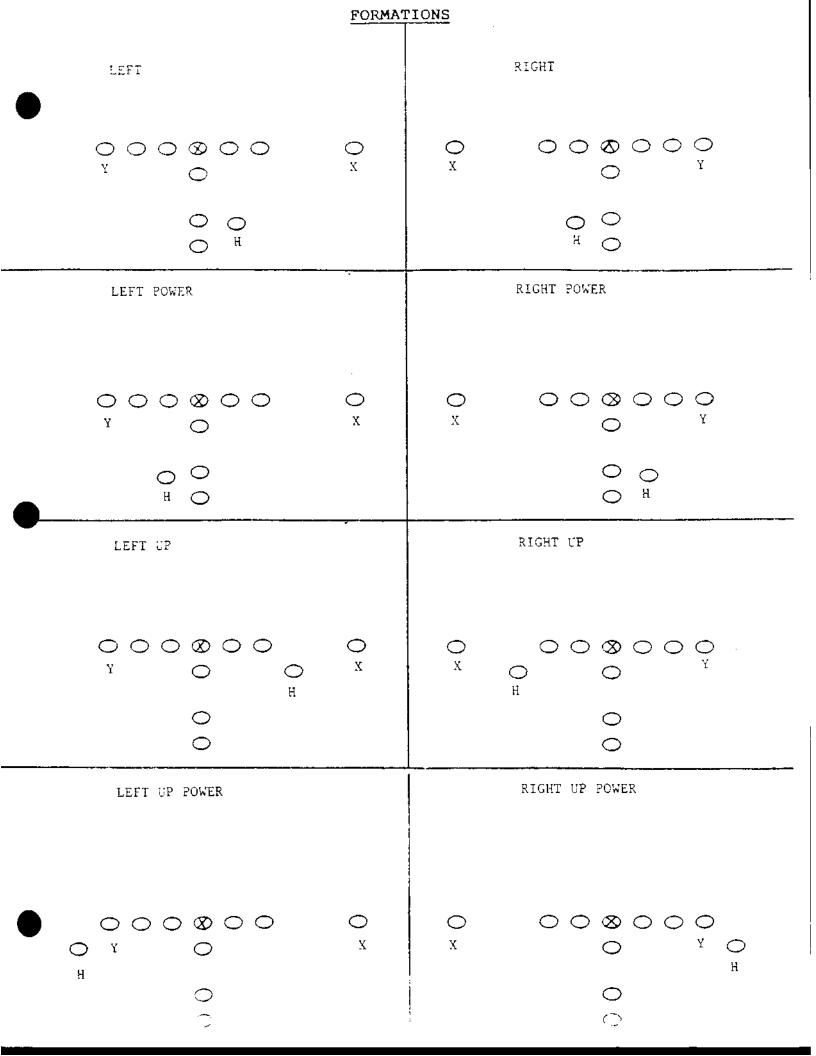
<u>Crab</u> - Technique for blocking on. Go low on all fours through crotch or knee.

<u>Cut</u> - Technique used by center on 30-31. Set up and then take nose wherever he wants to go.

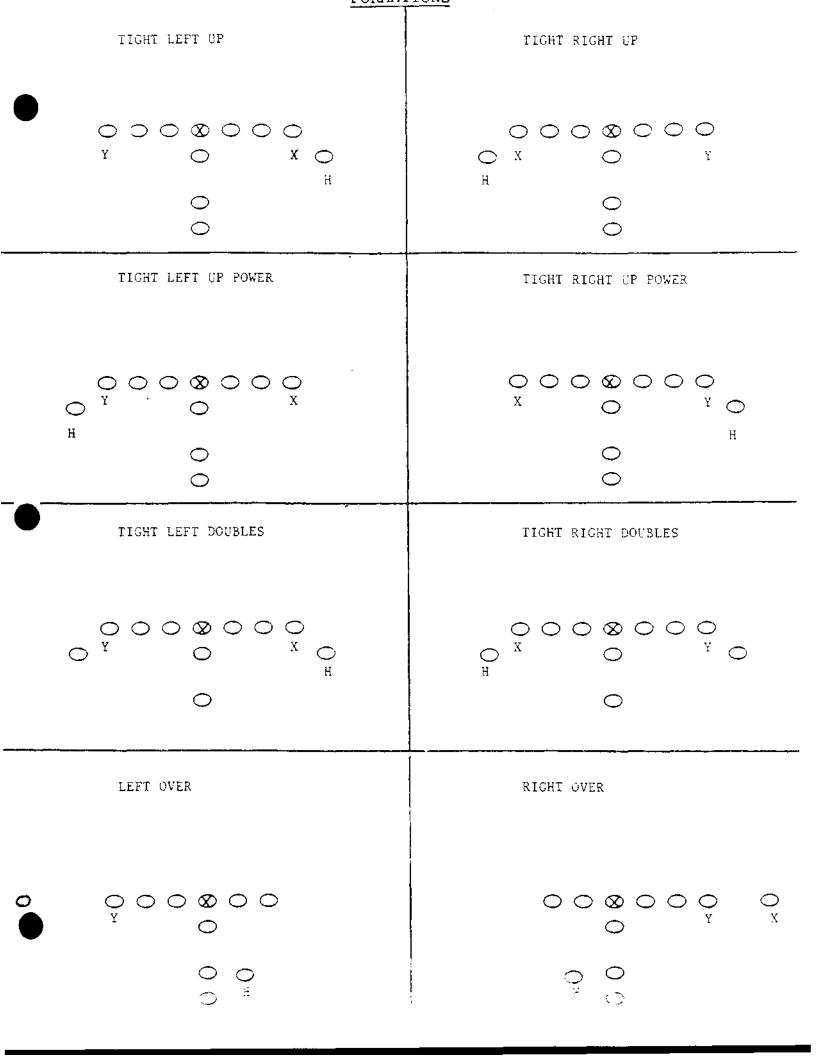
<u>Drop Back Pass Protection</u> - Blocking by the numbers on passes: 60 - delays Center #0, Guard #1 (turn in or out), Tackle #2 or #3 rusher, Big on Big.

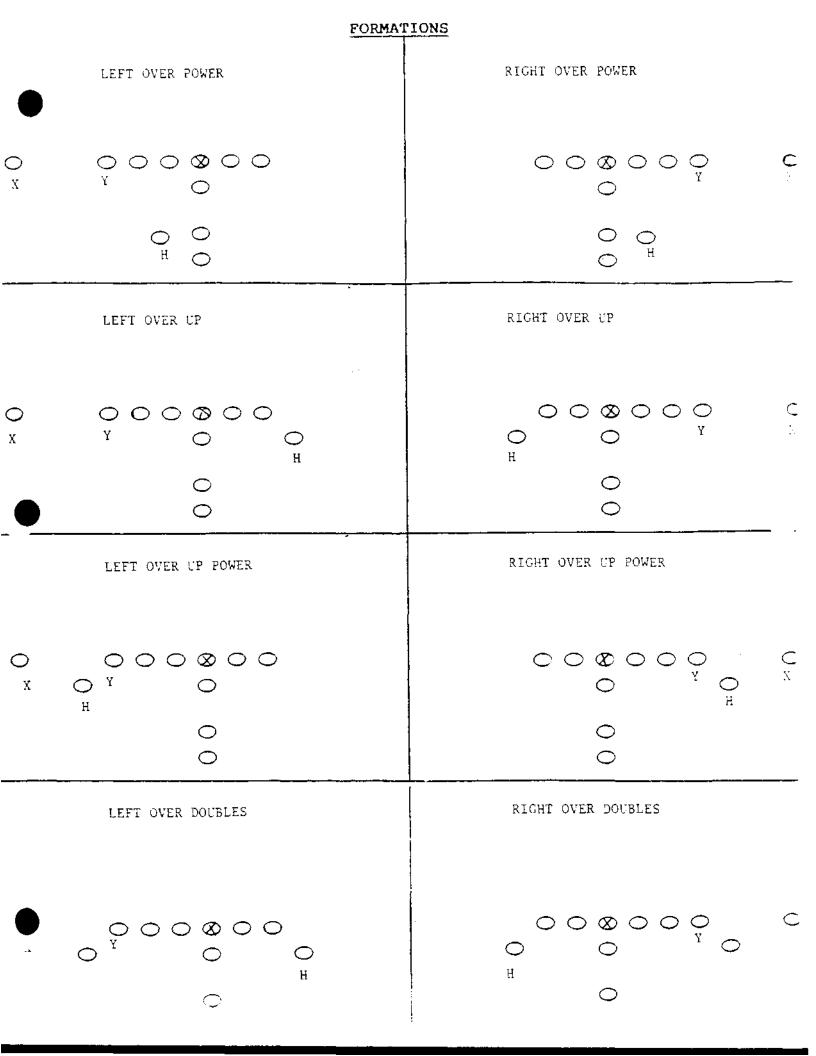
- Fold Backside lineman blocking first man inside.
- Four (4) Stack Rule Applies to onside tackle vs. a stacked defense over you. Veer release tight up to LB level; prepare to take the defender responsible for "B" Gap. Call "Echo" to warn QB.
- Gap Lineman blocking to the inside Gap (IN).
- George Guard-tackle "step around" block.
- Gold Guard-tackle double team.
- Influence Techniques used by onside tackle on draws and sometimes ISO. Drop step (as if to pass pro) and block first man outside. Also used by guards on trap.
- **Log** Onside guard pulling and hooking the def. end or kicking him out.
- <u>Loop</u> Technique used by onside tackle on 32-33. Drive through the outside of the on-man to the LB.
- On Man aligned on you that is on the LOS. Second rule of base.
- On and Aggressive Play action pass protection blocking, pass 4-5.
- <u>Green</u> Call made by guard on 30-31 Trap. Guard releases underneath a "2" or "3" technique to LB Tackle base.
- Hinge Technique used on Pass 8/9.
- O.L.P. Open linemen's principle used by backside linemen on action, 4-5 passes. Off. man covered by a LB steps inside and checks LB rush; then drops at 90 degrees and picks up outside rush.
- <u>Pull and Lead</u> Lineman pulling and leading upfield to block on a Def. back; Stay up!
- Reach Blocking the next man outside of you. Aim for his hip or cut him down.
- <u>Scoop</u> Combination block used by center and backside guard to block nose and backside LB. Center drives through playside hip to LB and guard reaches for hip.

CARDINAL Gold 7 Loa Charles OffenszyE エエメだ GREEN Combo ( # 11 1 1 1 0 CX ) 50000



FORMATIONS





| •         | LEFT PRO          |              |             | RIGHT PRO          |             |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| ○<br>Z(H) |                   | O<br>X       | X           |                    | ○<br>Z(H)   |
|           | 0 0               |              |             | 0 0                |             |
|           | PRO LEFT UP       |              |             | PRO RIGHT UP       |             |
|           |                   | * 4 <b>*</b> |             |                    |             |
| 0         | 000000            | 0            | 0           | 008000             | 0           |
| •         | 0                 |              |             | 0                  |             |
|           | PRO LEFT ARKANSAS |              | <del></del> | PRO RIGHT ARKANSAS | <del></del> |
|           |                   |              |             |                    |             |
| 0         | 000800            |              | 0           | 008000             | 0           |
|           | 0                 |              |             | 0                  |             |
|           |                   |              |             |                    | <del></del> |
|           |                   |              |             |                    |             |

PLAYS: 32-33

Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - Down field

TE - Downfield

HB - Pitch man

TB - Pitch man

T - On, shut off and Downfield

G - In, on, LB, scoop

# Onside

c - On, LB, scoop (cardinal 5 scheme)

G - On, LB, (cardinal 5-scheme)

T - Loop, veer, base, on gap tech (veer 5 scheme)

TE - #1, T, safe-T, H (arc, rule of ten 5 scheme)

SE - #1, switch (crack or rule of ten 5 scheme)

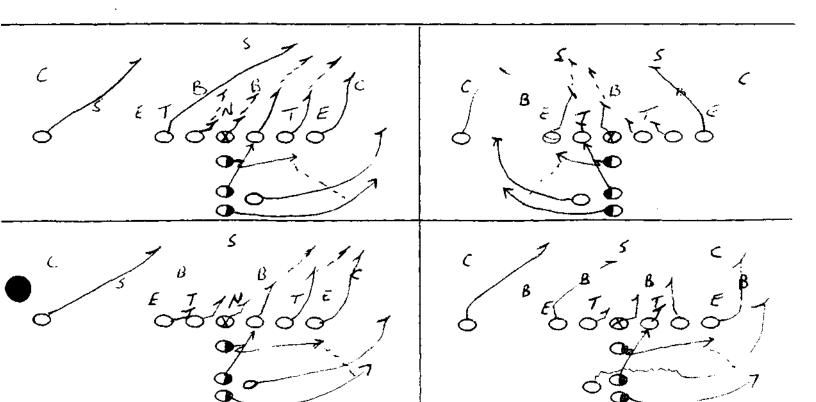
HB - Arc #2 (block onside LB on 5 scheme)

TB - Block onside LB on 5 scheme

FB - Ball carrier (read guards block) continue bath

and block if you don't get the ball.

OB - Read hand off key, attack pilch key



PLAYS: Pass 32-33

Assignments:

### For Run

For Pass

### Backside

SE - Play games to get open (called post, go)

TE - Block "dump"

HB - Drive block or swing on "H"

TB - Drive block or swing on "H"

T - Step inside, hinge to 1st man outside

G - On and aggressing uncovered lineman principle

# Onside

c - On and aggressive, uncovered lineman principle

G - On and aggressive

T - On and aggressive

TE - Called patterns-regular, regular cost

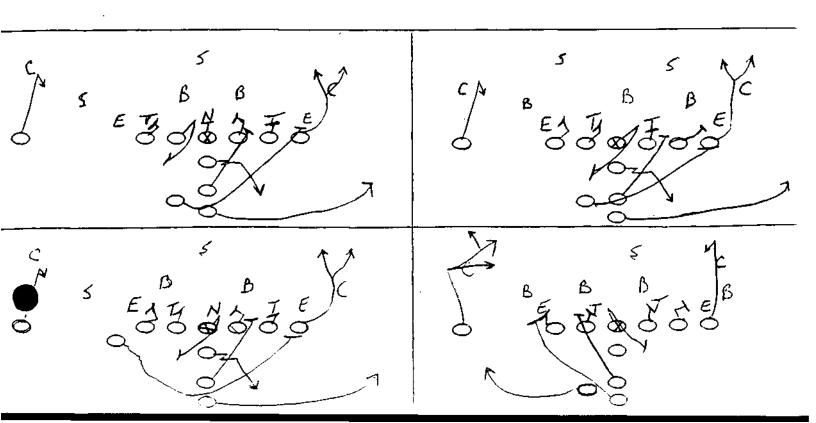
SE - Called patterns -islant: go, post, hook, flag, angle-in

HB - Swing or "H" (Z-out, go-Arkansas-quick out)

TB - Swing or "H" (2-out, go-Arkansas-quick out)

FB - Mesh and block playside LB

OB - Mesh and drop according to pattern



PLAYS: 32-33 (5)

Same as 32-33

Assignments:

# For Run

For Pass

Backside

SE

ΤE

HB

TB

T

G

<u>Onside</u>

C - Cardinal, LB

G - Cardinal, On

T - Veer, if no LB go to safety level

TE - Arc, Rule of ten

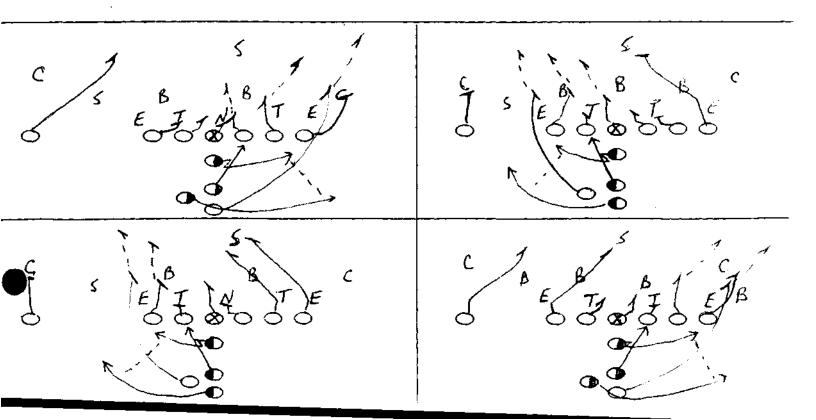
SE - Crack or rule of ten

HB - Block onside LB (clear HOK) if no LB go to safety level

TB - Block onside LB (clear HOK) if no LB go to safety level

FB - Same as 32-33

OB - Same as 32-33



PLAYS: Pass 32-33 (5)

Assignments:

### For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - Come back

TE - Come back

HB - Drive block

TB - Drive block

T - Step inside, hinge to 1st man outside

G - On and aggressive, uncovered lineman principle

# Onside

C - On and aggressive, uncovered lineman principle

G - On and aggressive

T - On and aggressive

TE - "Wide", come back

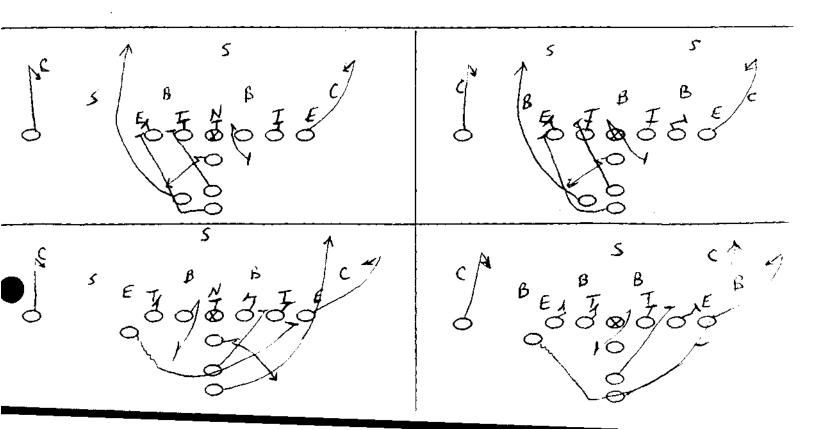
SE - Come back

HB - Run a wide "5" path through deep seam

TB - Run a wide "5" path through deep seam

FB - Mesh and block playside LB

OB - Mesh and drop according to pattern



Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

### Backside

SE - Middle 1/3

TE - Middle 1/3

HB - Same as 32-33 (pitch)

TB - Same as 32-33 (pitch)

T - Inside release, switch

G - Scoop, stay, cutoff, switch

### Onside

c - A gap, scoon

G - Block play side linebacker or "Tom" pending which gives voi

best advantage

T - Block down

TE - FS, Arc to safety

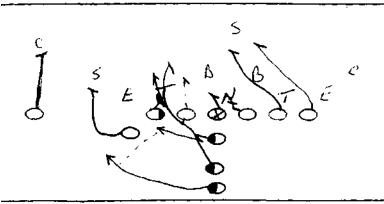
SE - Stalk block

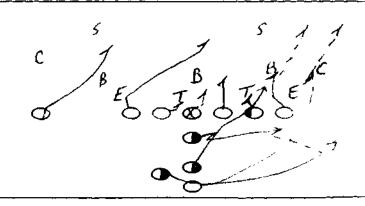
HB - LB to safety level-Avoid rover or CB

TB - LB to safety level-Avoid rover or CB

FB . Inside foot of offensive Tackle

OB - Read HOK, attack pitch key





# Backside

SE - Downfield

TE - Downfield

HB - Pitchman

TB - Pitchman

T - Base

G - Base scoop

# Onside

C - Base, scoop

G - Zone block, 4-scheme,

T - Zone block, 4-scheme

TE - T block, tan, seal

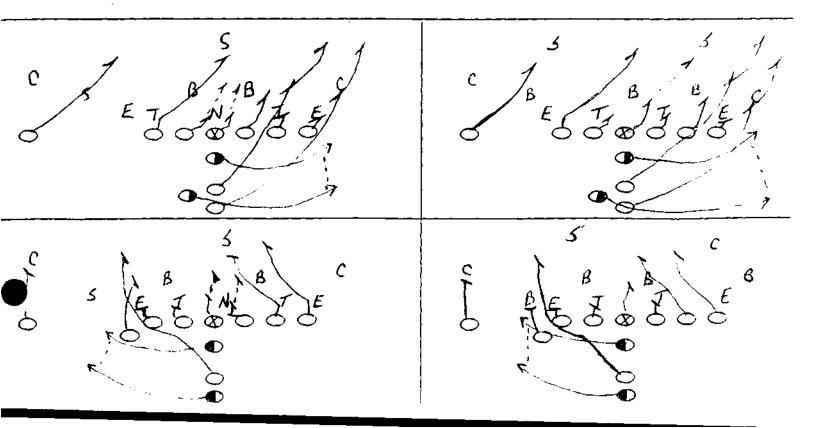
SE - #1, switch

HB - Full house: 5 scheme, Up Set: covered block man on, uncovered

TB - safe T, H, ARC

FB - Block through first open lane

OB - Attack pitch key



PLAYS: PASS 38-39

Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - CPFN PCST

TE - Block or Called Pattern

HB - Swing

TB - Swing

T - On and Aggressive, Coen Lineman Principle

G - On and Aggressive, Open I Ineman Principle

# Onside

C - On and Aggressive, Open Lineman Principle

c - On and Aggressive

T - On and Aggressive

TE - Called Pattern

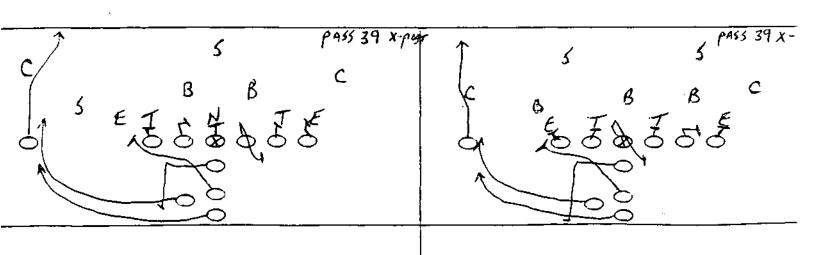
SE - Called Patern

HB - Swing

TB - Swing

FR - Block End

 $_{\mathrm{OB}}$  - Start 38-39 path, set up behind inside leg of Tachle



PLAYS: 38-39 Tom

## Assignments:

### For Run

For Pass

# Backside

- Downfield SE

- Downfield TE

- Pitchman HB

- Pitchman TB

~ Shut off and downfield, fold T

- In, on, LB (scoop) G

### Onside

TE

- On (scoop), LB  $\mathbf{C}$ 

- Pull and seal first man on or outside tackle G

- Block down on next down lineman, if gward uncovered, work nose to backside
- Arc, "T" Block Т

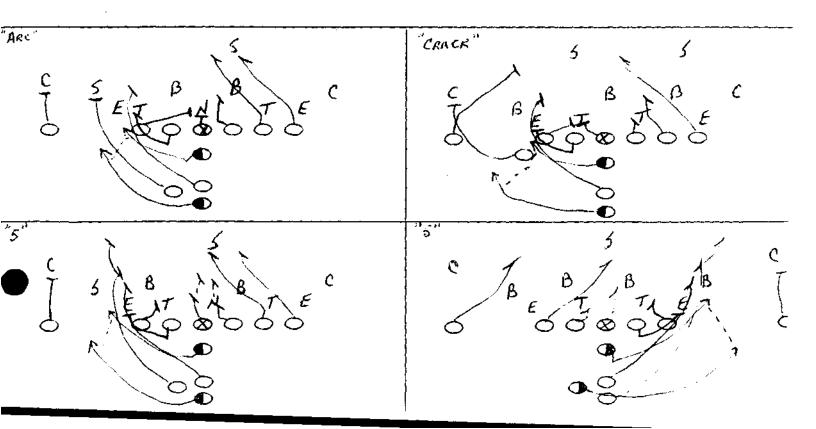
- #1, switch, crack SE

- Arc, "5" HB

"5" TB

- Run "5" path, block LB to FS FΒ

- Attack bitch key, bitch or run OB



# Backside

SE - Downfield

TE Downfield

HB - Downfield or motion

TB T

T - Shut off and downfield

G - In, on, LB, scoop

# Onside

C - Base

G - Base

 $_{\mathbf{T}}$  - Will witch off end man on LOS block accordingly

TE - Seal, tan

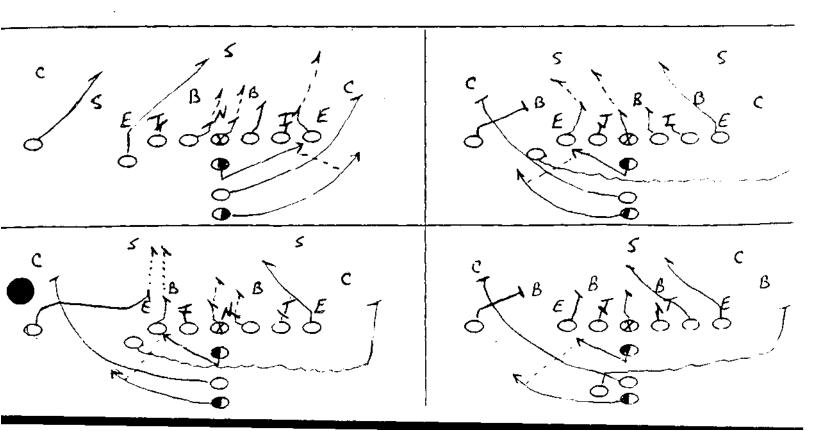
SE - crack

HB -

TB - Pitchman

FB - Arc

OB - Drop step, attack witch key



PLAYS: 30-31 Cut

Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - Cornerback

TE - Inside release, middle safety

HB - Option Path

TB -

T - Base

G - Base

# Onside

C - Base

G Base

T - Base

TE - Inside release, middle safety

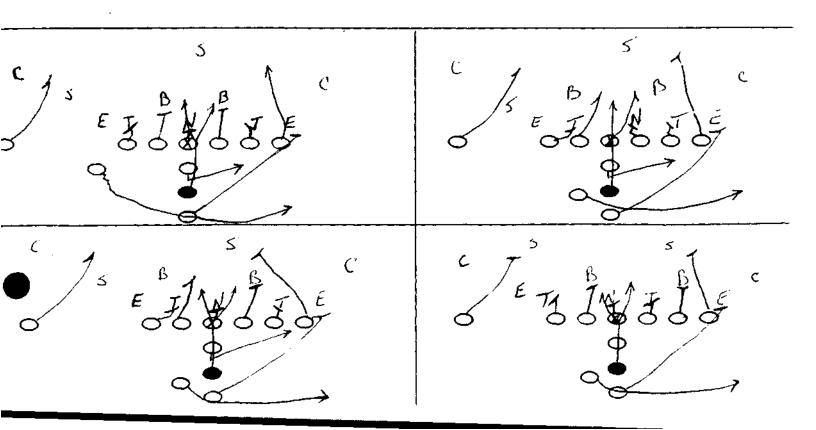
SE - Cornerback

HB - Inside release to middle 1/3(Doubles), "H"

TB - "R"

FB - Ball carrier, playside hip of center

OB - Open, hand off deep, falre option



PLAYS: \_ PPSS DOFFE

Assignments:

### For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - Inside release - Go Route

TE - Inside release - work inside of corner on Go Route

HB - Option path, swing

TB - Option path, swing

T - On and Aggressive

G - On and Aggressive

### Onside

C - On and Aggressive

G - On and Aggressive

T - On and Aggressive

TE - Inside release - work inside of corner on Go Route

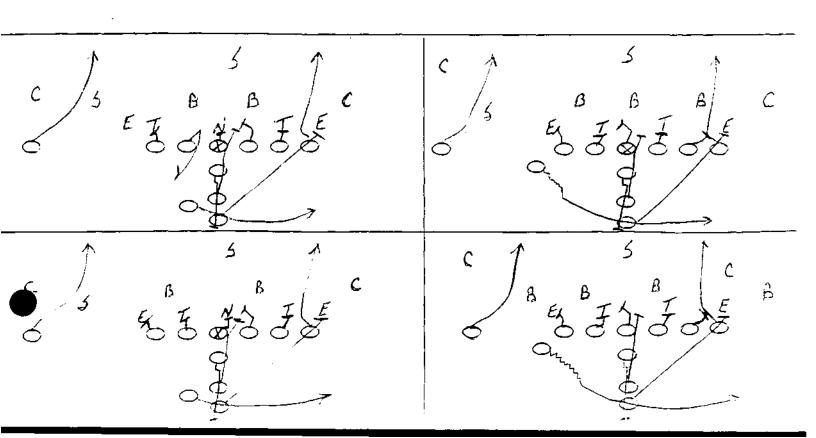
SE - Inside release - Go Route

HB - "H"

TB - "H"

FB - Fake Hand Off on playside hip of Center

OB - Open, Fake Hand Off, Drop Back, Key Safety



PLAYS: 30-31 Tran

Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - Downfield

TE Downfield

HB Fake 18-19 counter

TB - Fake 18-19 counter

T - LB, Downfield

G - Trap first man head up to outside of opposite guard (on L.O.S.)

# Onside

C - Block back for guard, base

G - Influence out or "green", if covered, "cardinal"or Mike

Linebacker if Center is covered

T - Linebacker, Downfield

TE - Inside release to safety

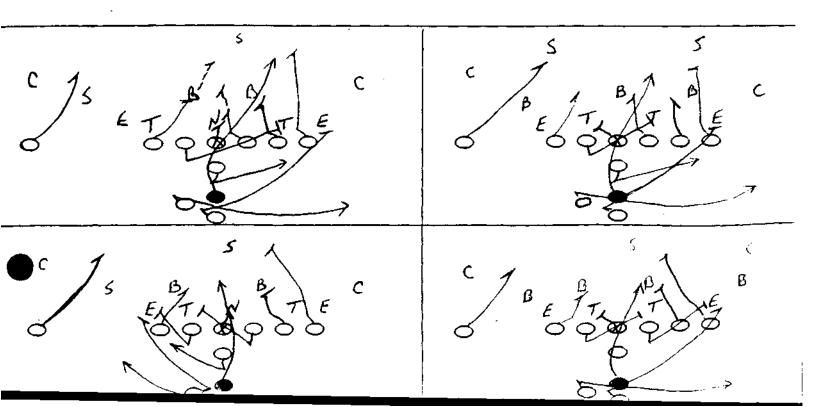
SE - #1

HB - Fake 18-19 counter "H"

TB - Fake 18-19 counter "H"

FB - Ball Carrier, Read tran

OB - Push ball deen, fake 18-19 counter



trwis: 18-19 Connier

# Assignments:

# For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - Downfield

TE - Downfield

HB - Pitchman

TB - Pitchman

T - Shut off and downfield

G - Man, LB, scoop Charlie

# <u>Onside</u>

C - On, LB, scoop, Charlie

G - Pull and log man on tackle

 $_{
m T}$   $_{
m First}$  Down lineman inside

TE - Seal

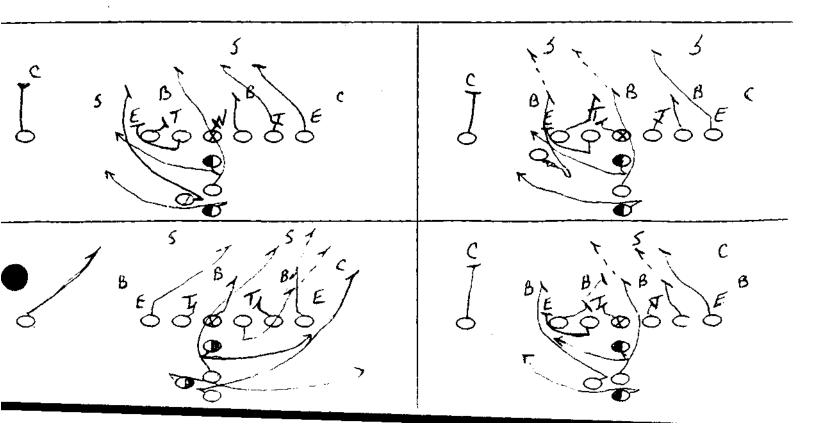
SE #1, switch, crack

HB - Arc #2, "5"

TB - Arc #2. "5"

FB - Fake trap, block LB to safety level

OB - Get fake deep, pivot facing LOS, attack pitch key



Assignments:

### For Run

For Pass

# Backside

SE - Deep Middle 1/3

TE - Stav cutoff to middle 1/3

ΗB

TB Fake 32-33

T - B gap, to LB or safety

G - Responsible for head up and out, attack through outside number of 2 or 3 TECH

#### Onside

C - Charlie or Base, Influence Block vs. Peading Mose

G - (Charlie "Gao", "l", or "2") Base "3", George "4 eve"

T - B Gap to UB, George "4 eye"

TE - Same as backside

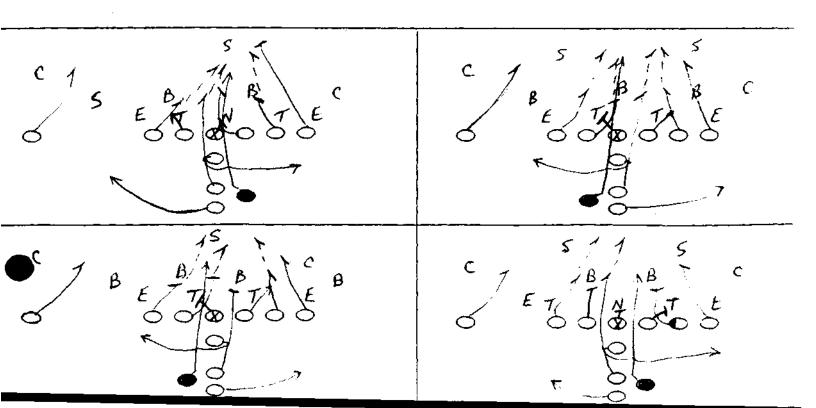
SE - Same as Backside

HB - Explode and Hug the pulling guards butt, step 1st with inside foot to get on proper path

TΒ

FB - Fake 32 or 33, never block into the "A" gap, clear "A" gap to LB or safety

OB - Take 40 degree step, turn and stay out from behind the center



Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

#1 on LOS to a (to a tight end) #2 on LOS solit end

Backside

SE - Downfield

- Downfield

- H block HB

- Ball carrier-cross over, stav on hip of FB and Go

- Base, fold T

- Base, scoop if called

Onside

- Base, scoop, cardinal С

- In, on, away LB (cardinal) G

- In, on, out

T

- In, on, out TE

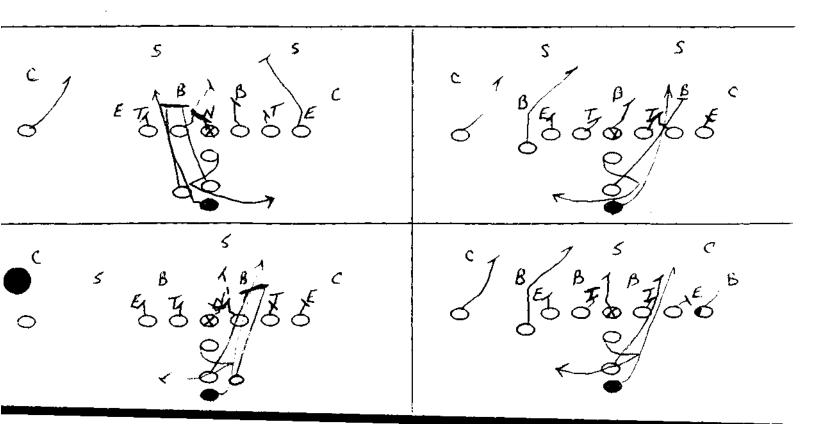
Downfield SE

- Run at tackle's inside hip and block LB HB

- Ball carrier TB

- Run mesh bath and block LB FB

- Reverse turn, hand off deep and fake bootleg QB.



rLA13: 1435 44 45 B<u>oos</u>

# Assignments:

# Backside

SE - Post Pattern

TE -

НВ -

TB - In up set run crossing route; read safety for depth

T - On and aggressive

G - Pull and block first man outside of tackle or most dangerous

# <u>Onside</u>

C - Covered on and aggressive; fill for pulling guard if he is covered

G - Covered on and aggressive; uncovered block inside

T - Covered on and aggressive; uncovered block inside

TE - Inside release; 5 to 7 yard out pattern

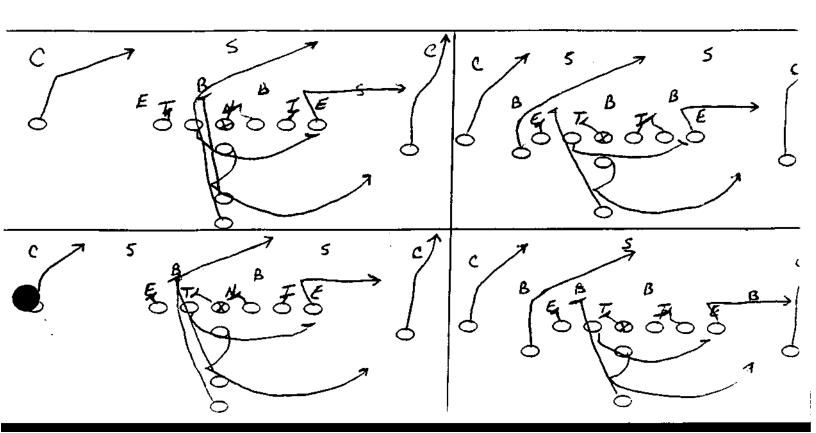
SE -

HB - (Z) Go route

TB - Fake Iso; run crossing pattern after clearing L.O.S. read safe

FB - Run through outside LB to Iso side

QB - Fake Iso; boot away reading short to deep



# PLAY: 42-43 Crossbuck

#### Assignments:

### <u>Backside</u>

SE - Downfield

TE - Downfield

HB - Block playside LB, no counter step

TB - Outside upfield step, plant, follow HB through hole

T - Base

G - Base, Charlie

#### Onside

C - Base, Charlie, Cardinal

G - #1 on L.O.S.

T - #2 on L.O.S., pass set and invite upfield

TE - T-Block, Outside release to first threat

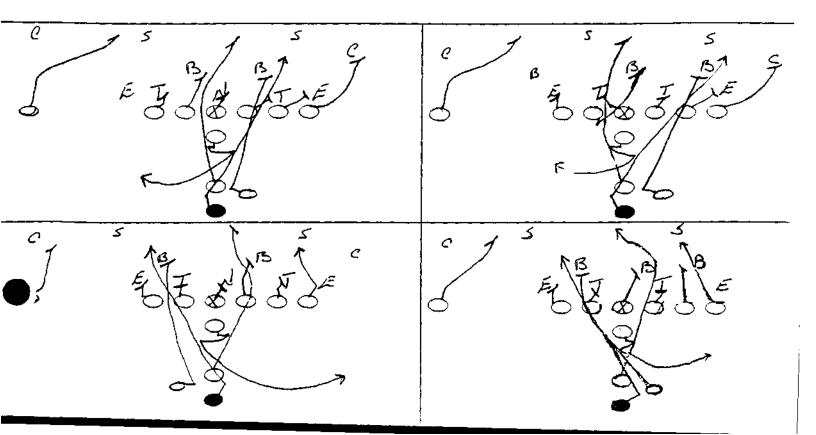
SE - Downfield

HB - Block playside LB, read guards block

TB -

FB - Fake 32-33, Block LB to Safety level.

QB - Fake 32-33, Hand Off, Boot Away



## For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Cross

TE - Cross

HB -

TB - Drive Block

T - On and Aggressive

G - On and aggressive uncovered Lineman Principle

## Onside

 $\ensuremath{\text{C}}_{-}$  - On and Aggressive, Uncovered Lineman Principle

G - On and Aggressive

T - On and Aggressive

TE - Inside Release, Regular Route

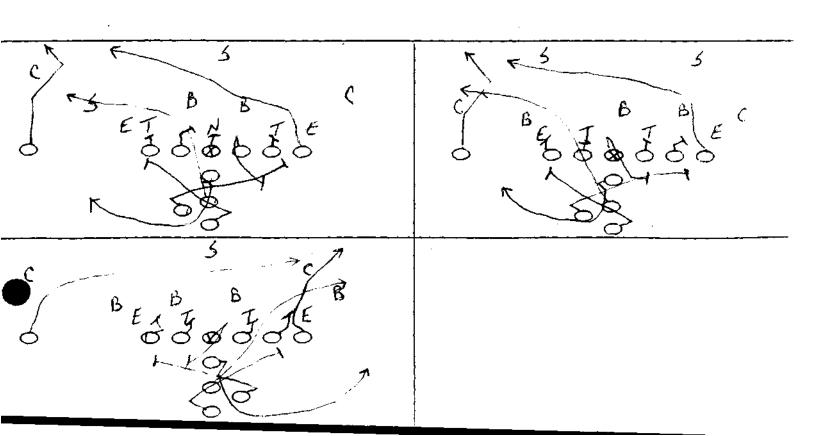
SE - Inside Release, Flag Route

HB -

TB - Drive block playside

FB - Fake Dive, through LOS to Flat

OB - Open to FB, Drop to HB, Boot Action, Pass or Run



PLAYS: 48-49 toss

Assignments:

### For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Down Field

TE - Inside release down field

HB - Release inside down field

TB -

T - On, shut off and down field

G - In, on LB, scoop

## Onside

C - On, scoop, LB

G - Uncovered pull to playside LB, Covered solid, TOM vs. wide 3 tech

T Uncovered pull to playside LB, covered solid, TOM if called by G

TE - Man (Pblock)

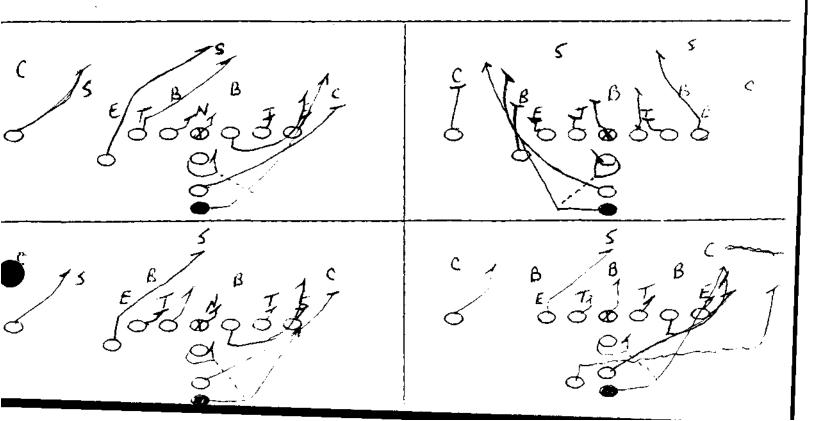
SE - #1,switch

HB - Block deep 1/3, motion if called, man on in an Up set or first LB inside

TB - Ball carrier (Read TE block)

FB - Block 1st support

OB - Reverse out, bitch and cover backside A gab



## For Run

For Pass

## <u>Backside</u>

SE - Downfield

TE - Inside release downfield

HB - Inside release to safetv

TB - Run sweep path

T - On, shut off

G - In, on, LB, scoop

## Onside

C - Base, on, LB, scoon

G - Pull, kickout man on TE

T - Down block

TE - Down block 1st man inside

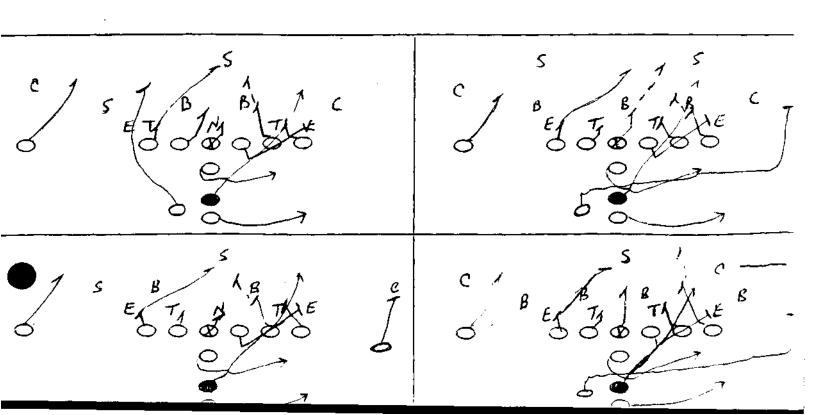
SE - #1,switch

HB Arc block, motion if called

TB - Run sweep path

FB - Ball carrier

OB Reverse out bush ball deep to FB



#### TLAIS: TOOB IT IT DELLES

## Assignments:

## Backside

SE - 8-10 yards; read safety for cross or post pattern

TE -

HB -

TB -

T \_ Step inside, hinge to first man outside

G \_ On and aggressive; uncovered lineman principle

## Onside

C - On and aggressive; uncovered lineman principle

G - On and aggressive; uncovered double inside

T - On and aggressive; uncovered double inside

 $_{
m TE}$  - Inside release; 5 to7 yard out pattern

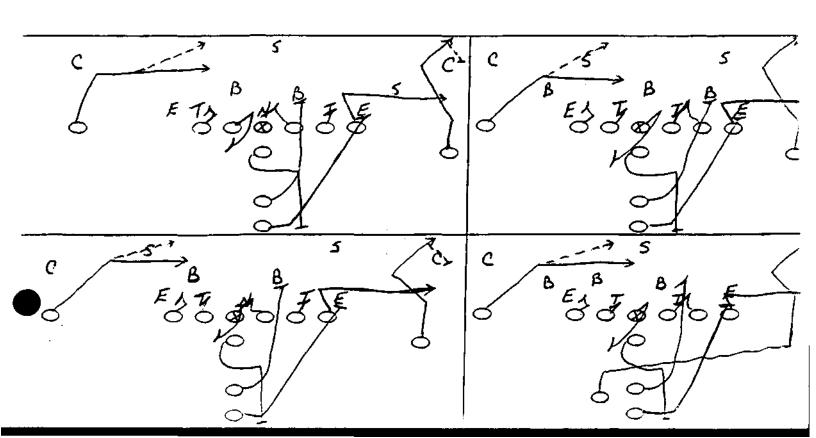
SE -

HB \_ (Z) Read corner for flag or squirrel pattern(squirrel 16-18 }

TB - Drive block first man off tackles outside hip

FB - Fake belly; run through playside LB

QB - Fake belly; straight drop behind guard's outside hip



## Backside

SE Downfield

TE -

HB - Ball carrier, get on hip of tackle read his block

TB

Barre

T - Base end man on L.O.S.

G - Pull, Kickout first man head up to outside the guard

## <u>Onside</u>

C - Base, LB, Fill for pulling guard

G - Base vs. "1" Influence "3" Cardinal shade, Green tight MLB

T - Veer inside to LB, Uncovered go to MLB

TE - Base End man on L.O.S.

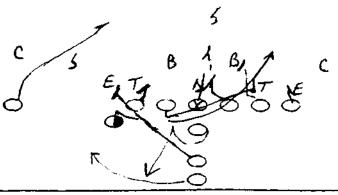
SE

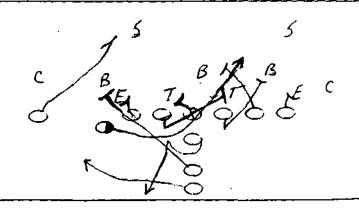
HB

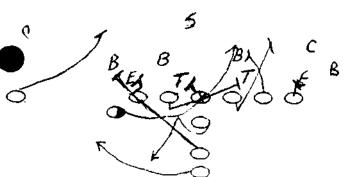
TB - Fake 48-49

FB - Backside, path, pickup man pulling tackle

observed - Feverse out handoff underneath, continue option path







## For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE Deep 1/3

TE - Inside release to FS

HB - Outside release to FS

TB -

T - Man on or outside

G - Man on or off, uncovered combo with center to LB, pick & roll 1 Tech

## <u>Onside</u>

C - Man on or off, uncovered with off guard to LB, pick & roll 1 Tech

G - #1 on LOS

T - #2 on LOS

TE - Outside release through support

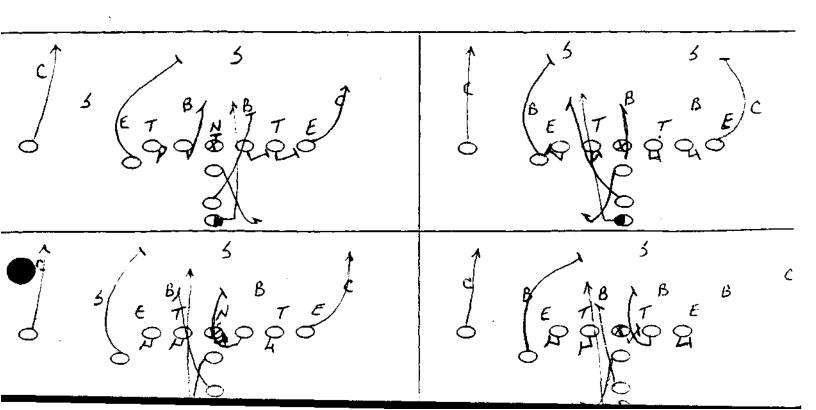
SE - Deep 1/3

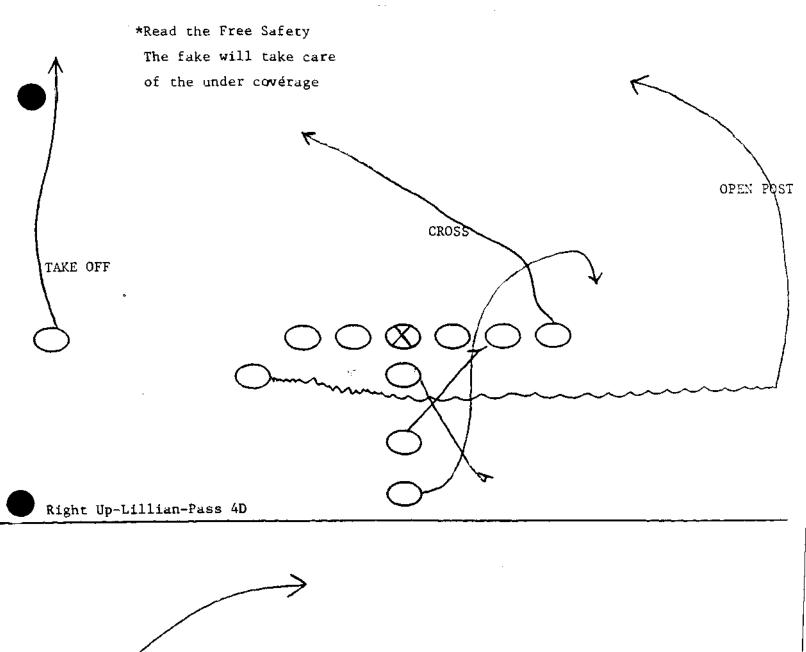
HB - Outside release through support

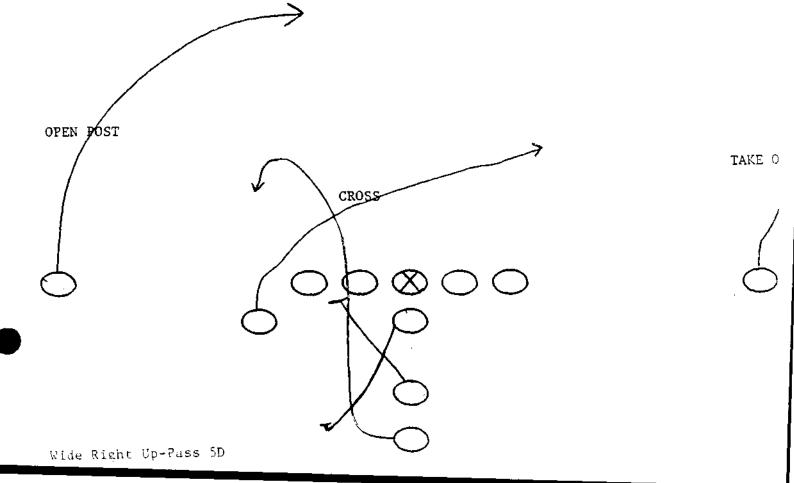
TB - Open, cross over read guard's block

FB - Lead on 1st LB outside of center

OB - Open, take ball to deepest point to TB







## For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Ball carrier, adjust solit

TE - Ball carrier

HB - Pitchmen

TB - Pitchman

T - In, on, LB

G - Uncovered lineman bull and look for FMLOS, base, switch with center

## Onside

C. - Uncovered lineman bull and look for EMLOS, base, switch

G - Uncovered lineman pull and look for EMLOS, base

T in, on, LB

 $_{\mathrm{TE}}$  - Release inside and block CB

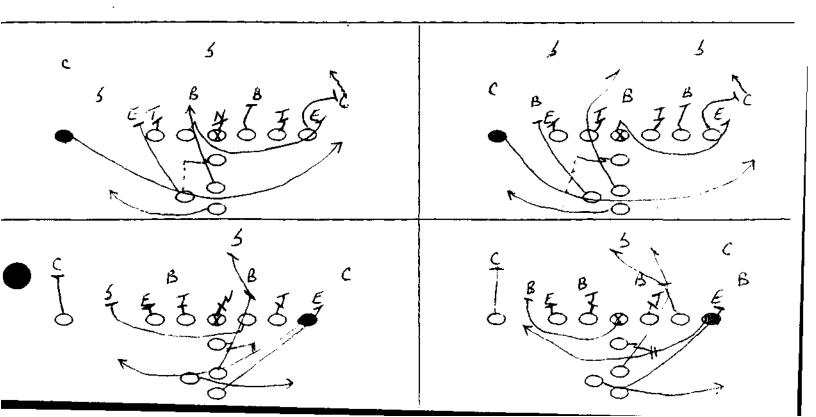
SE - #1 or crack

нв - "н"

TB - "H"

FB Mesh and block through LOS

OB - Fake option and pitch to SF or hand to TF



For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Passer or run

TE - Passer or run

HB - Fake pitch

TB - Fake oitch

T - On and aggressive

G - On and aggressive, uncover bull for EMLOS

## Onside

c. - On and aggressive, uncovered null for EMLOS

G - On and aggressive

T - On and aggressive

 ${
m TE}$  - Release inside, fake block and run corner pattern

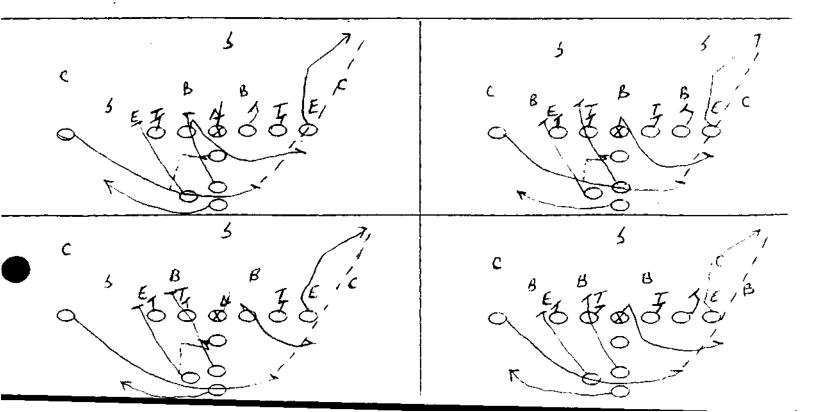
SE - Fake block and run corner pattern

нв - "н"

TB - "H"

FB - Mesh and block

OB - Fake option and pitch to SF or hand to TF



#### ENMU PASSING GAME

Our passing game includes the use of: Play Action Passes, Sprint Out passes, and Dropback Passes. These types of passes along with our screen, draws and running game give us an opportunity to take advantage of the defense at any time.

<u>Play Action Passes</u> - These are passes that are thrown on running downs with the fake of a run. It must look like a run in order to be successful.

<u>Sprint out Passes - Pass 8/9 - Pass 8/9 is a Sprint Out Pass where we attack the perimeter with the pass/run option.</u>

Dropback Passes - There are two types:

- (1) <u>Pass 60 Delays</u> This is a dropback passing game with QB reading under coverage for "HOT ROUTE" and a Delay receiver always available.
- (2) <u>Pass 4/5</u> This is a dropback pass where we spread the field as much as we can throw to a cavity or seam.

We are always seeking the one-on-one.

Come Open Late - The come open late (COL) principle is designed to cover the entire field. It is very important that the receiver get good width and depth forcing the defense to open cavities by covering the entire field. This is essential in order for our dropback passing to be successful. When we have a route called to one receiver, the other receivers run COL's. The break point on the COL is deeper than the call route in order for the QB to check the primary receiver and if it is not open to go to COL. The advantage of the COL is the receiver breaks back to the ball with the underneath coverage in hie vision as well as the OB.

To insure the opportunity at working the primary receiver, we call a  $\frac{back}{back}$  into the play to control the underneath. If the defense now takes the primary away then they must borrow people from the inside to do it, and the other COL's will be open. The QB always works the entire field and the receiver must continually work to proper width and depth to create openings.

#######

### RECEIVERS FUNDAMENTALS

The ENMU way of running routes is broken up into 5 different areas: 1) Release, 2) Widening the Field, 3) Depth of Break, 4) Explosion out of Break Point, and 5) Finish. Receivers must excel in all areas to be effective and to help establish a successful passing game.

The following areas are broken down so you, the receiver, will know what we expect of you everytime you are out on the game field or practice field. Be willing to do "whatever it takes" to improve yourself daily.

1. - - Release - Most important fundamental the receiver must develop. The receiver must explode off the LOS and get upfield as quickly as possible, without getting held up at LOS or knocked off his running path. Receivers must be physical and elusive to challenge the various defensive fronts and secondaries we will face.

### TIGHT RECEIVERS (Y & Z)

### Inside Release:

- A. Attack the inside hip & shoulder of the defensive end, explode up thru the man and work upfield. Be physical at the point of attack. "If you come up, you will be held up!"
- B. Step to the inside gap and work upfield, be ready to fight outside pressure. Stay LOW!

### Outside Release:

- A. Attack the outside hip & shoulder of the defensive end explode up thru the man and work upfield be physical at the point of contact.
- B. Work down LOS clear defensive end then work upfield - fight contact at LOS don't get knocked back.

#### WIDE RECEIVER

#### Outside Release:

- a) Working upfield to gain body position on the DB without any pressure from the CB.
- 5) Against cover 2 or hard corner attack the outside shoulder, working thru the shoulder and upfield do not get knocked out of control. Receiver must be physical and aggressive to get his job done.

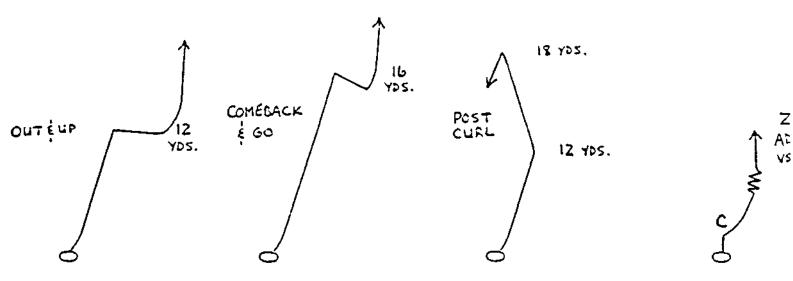
# Receivers Fundamentals - Con't. Page 2

- 2. - Widening The Field: The reason for widening the field is to stretch the secondary to open passing cavities. This is done by the good outside release and by gaining width as the receiver gets depth to his break point.
- 3. - Depth of Break: The yardage the receiver must obtain for the various routes he runs.
- 4. - Explosion Out of Break Point: This is accomplished by the angle step. The angle step is the position of the foot & hip in relation to the route.

  Example: Out route the foot & hip at a slight angle outside. This angle step helps get your body in position to accelerate out of the break and work parallel or back to LOS and open the cushion between you and the DB.

The speed of the receiver into the break is important. You must have your body under control to be able to make the break at the highest level of speed without giving away your break point.

5. - - <u>Finish</u>: Watch the ball into your hands - tuck the ball away - drop the shoulder and work upfield - "Gain Yardage".



#### WIDE RECEIVER

Post - Outside release - drive off LOS at top speed to outside deep 1/3 - Establishing an inside body position on CB. The break point is between 9-16 yds. - depending how quickly you close the cushion on DB. The aiming point is the CB inside hip. After gaining inside body position turn up into the seam between CB & F/S. Don't cross into safety's zone.

Out - Outside release - drive off LOS to outside 1/3 establishing outside body position on CB. The break point is at 12 yds., aiming point is outside hip with an angle step. Accelerate out of Break, parallel or back to LOS. Receiver must get CB to turn hips. Action pass out is 12-16 yds.

Go - Outside release - drive off LOS at top speed - work to deep outside 1/3. Establishing outside body position on CB. Ball is thrown between 12-15 yds. depending on how quickly you get leveled up with DB. Aiming point is CB outside hip - ball is thrown to outside shoulder - fade to the ball.

c/^

Comeback - Outside release - drive off LOS to outside 1/3, establish outside body position on CB.

Make CB think you're running a go route - break point is at 16 yds - aiming point is outside hip of CB with angle step - get head around - work back to LOS at 45° angle and adjust to thrown ball.

<u>e</u>)

Angle-In - Outside release - drive off Los to outside

1/3 - letting CB maintain outside body position
break point is 16 yds. - aiming point - inside
hip with angle step - work inside and flat expect ball to be thrown at Break- if not work
to next cavity - receiver must not be in a
hurry to work across the field - Don't drift
up field into safety's zone

2

Flag - Outside release - drive off LOS to outside 1/3 - establish outside body position - 1st break is between 10-12 yds. - take 3 strides to the post route - then the 2nd break is between 15-18 yds to the flag. Look for ball over outside shoulder. Receiver must accelerate to flag and adjust to thrown ball.

*\* 

Quick-Out - Outside release - drive off LOS to outside break point is at 6 yds. - round off the
route - get head around adjust to ball.
Receiver - route is used when DB gives receiver
a large cushion.

point 6 yds, then work to inside cavity under control - if not thrown work to next cavity. Receiver accelerate out of break - be ready for ball to be thrown. <u>Hitch</u> - Outside release - drive off LOS upfield - break point is 6 yds. with angle step to the inside to get body parallel to QB. Receiver expect ball to be thrown at break point. Route is used when DB gives receiver large cushion. Open-Post - (Backside Route) - release upfield to a depth of 7 yds., break to the inside with inside body position on CB. Receiver - read the F/S - work to the open cavity. COL - Outside release - drive off LOS to deep outside 1/3 - let CB maintain outside body position - make him think go. Break point is at 18-20 yds. aiming point is inside hip with angle step - Break back to LOS at 45° angle accelerate out off break. Receiver - work to the open cavity after break. Zone Adjustment Go - For all play action vs Cover 2. Outside release clear the CB and control speed to the open cavity. Receiver expects the ball to be thrown after leveling with CB. Don't get forced inside. Fade - Run vs Cover 2 for drop back passes. Inside release then upfield - break point 12 yds. inside body position on safety. Rounded break at 45° angle to side line. Receiver - QB is throwing to grass - adjust to thrown ball Take-Off - Running "Go" route know matter what coverage were going to throw the ball deep. SS <u>Hide</u> - Outside release wide toward sideline, plant and sit at 6 yds. Ball will be thrown to the outside.

Slant - Outside release - drive off LOS upfield. Break

## WIDE RECEIVERS - SPECIAL ROUTES

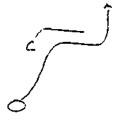
Post-Curl - Outside release - work to deep outside 1/3
break point is at 12 yds - aiming point is
inside hip of CB with angle - step - drive
3 to 4 yds to post route - plant with outside
leg - accelerate out of break at 45° angle
back to LOS. Receiver must sell CB on post route.

Comeback & Go - Outside release - work to outside 1/3 establish outside body position on CB Break point is 16 yds. Aiming point is
outside hip with angle step - get head
around - drive at 45° angle to LOS for 3
steps - plant with inside leg get head &
shoulder around and up field - ball will be
thrown when you plant inside foot. Receiver
don't cut route short-don't be in a hurry to
get deep.

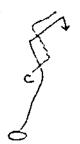
c - | A

Squirrel

- Outside release - drive off LOS to 6-9 yds.
rounded break - 2nd break is four strides
outside - plant with leg to LOS, turn up
field to 16 yds. - outside body position on
CB - angle step at Break point - accelerate
out of break at back to LOS at 45° angle.
Receiver sell the out-route - get DB to close
cushion drive up field make DB think up &
out - at break point - get head around
Adjust to ball



Out & Up - Outside release - drive off LOS to outside 1/3 - outside body position on CB - 1st break is at 12 yds - rounded break drive outside four strides - plant with leg to LOS - get head around & upfield - accelerate upfield at TOP speed - expect ball to be thrown and 2nd break.



Flag & Curl- Outside release - drive off LOS to outside

1/3 - let DB maintain outside body position.

1st break at 12 - drive to post route 3-4

yds. - 2nd break is at 14-16 yds. - Plant

with inside leg - accelerate out of break to

the flag - 3rd break is at 18-20 yds. 
Plant and drive back to LOS at 45° angle 
get head around adjust to thrown ball.

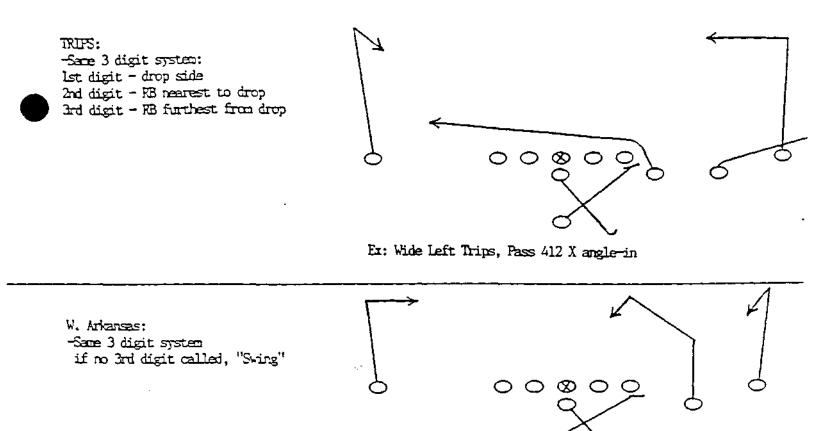
- Outside release - gradual angle to sideline; not to gain more than 4 yds depth. Receiver - if ball is not thrown within 4 yds. of sideline - turn up field. Regular - Outside release upfield - break point is at 9-16 yds.-round break - working to outside seam gathering depth. Receiver - don't settle in cavity - ball thrown to outside shoulder. Corner - Outside release upfield - break point is at 12 yds. angle to corner must have outside body position on safety receiver - ball is thrown to outside shoulder. Angle-In -Outside release - upfield - break point is at 12 yds. Read onside LBer on the run - break is inside and flat - look for ball to be thrown - if not work to next cavity. Receiver - don't drift in safety's zone. Angle-Out -Outside release - upfield - break point is at 12 yds. Read strong safety on the run - break is outside and flat - look for ball to be thrown at break - if not work to the next cavity. Come Open Late - Inside release - upfield - break is at 15 yds. Angle step to accelerate back to LOS at 450 angle, adjust to LBer zone drops as you work back to LOS Receiver - read the drops of LBers as you release upfield. Post - Inside release upfield - break point is at 12 yds. run thru the F/S zone. Cross - Inside release up field - work at an angle to gain 15 yds depth - on far side of field. Release will take you under 1st LBers and behind the 2nd backer. Receiver- must be able to avoid and adjust to LBers drops. Don't go in front of 2nd LBer. Delay - Show pass pro- block DE if coming for twocountsif not hold for 2 counts - Release to onside LBer cavity - Receiver don't get in a hurry to release upfield.



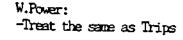
Dummy - Release flat, gain slight depth, hook-up at 10 yds. width, facing the Q.B. This receiver will be ineligable because of the formation set. Used to control the under coverage out of specific formation sets.

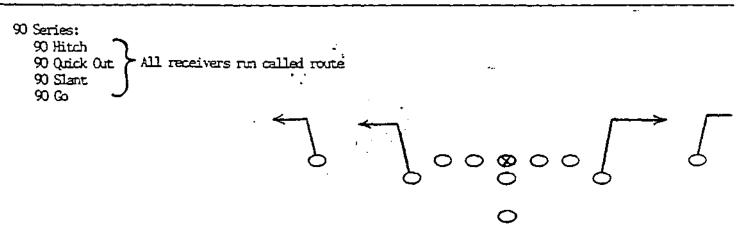
#### BACKFIELD ROUTES

- WHEEL (2) Release to the flat through the D.E alignment, gaining width first to depth no deeper than 5 yards. Look for ball over outside shoulder. Turn up field 7 yards from sideline.
- COMEBACK (4) Release outside tackle's pass pro, up seam to 14 yards, break outside working slightly back up field to the cavity.
  - GO (5) Release outside tackle's pass pro drop into cavity, looking over inside shoulder. Stay in the seam and work up field under control. <u>Don't</u> drift into middle.
  - DELAY Back will set up showing pass with eyes on LB. If LB rushes, release to that cavity and get head around to inside expecting ball quick. If he drops, work slowly toward L.O.S. and after two counts, release into vacated cavity. Opposite back will clear through his LB or block him if he rushes.
  - SWING Sprint toward sideline to width of wide receiver alignment. At that point turn to QB, expecting ball, and remain somewhere around L.O.S. depth.
- TRAIL FB route. TB will clear on fast rim route while FB assumes normal drop back alignment. FB has eyes on LB or DE - if he comes, block him. If not, wait for TB to clear, then release to outside of that cavity while looking over inside shoulder. TB should expect ball at any time. WHEEL •GO WHEEL TRAII COMEBACK COMEBACK DELAY DELAY SWING SWING

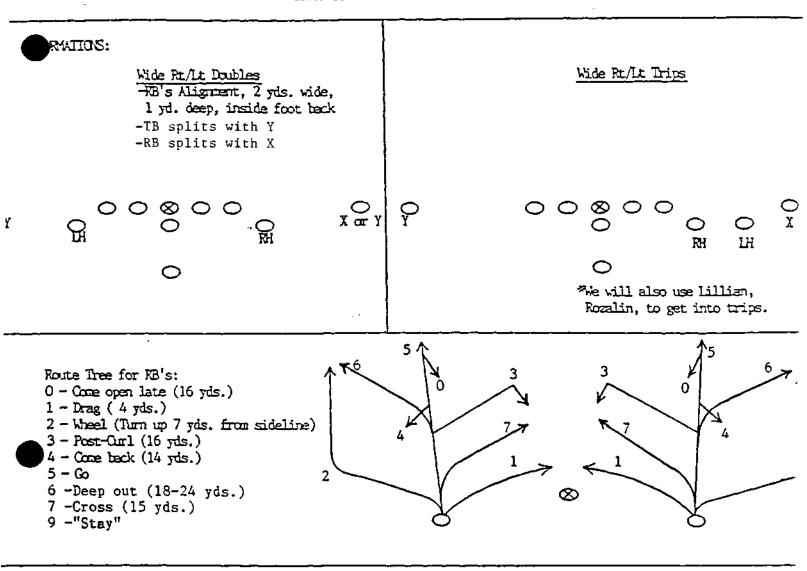


Ex: Wide Left Arkansas, Pass 43 Y angle-in





Ex: Wide Right Doubles, Pass 90 Quick Out



We will use a 3 digit call to designate side of drop, and both RB's routes

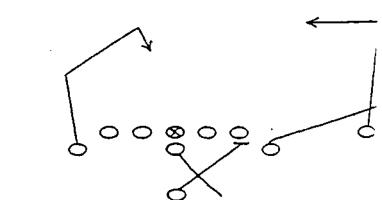
-X and Y, route will be called in haddle, if no route called run C.O.L.

-We will use 4/5 drops

1st digit - RB's route to drop side

2nd digit - RB's route furthest from drop

- "9" as 2nd or 3rd digit tells that RB to "STAY" and block



Ex: Wide Right Doubles, Pass 423 Y angle-in

## For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Pattern called

TE - Pattern called

HB - Pattern called

TB - Route called or swing

T - Turnback, protect inside gap

G - Turnback, protect inside gap

## Onside

C - Turnback, protect inside gap

G - Turnback, protect inside gap

T - Turnback, protect inside gap

TE - Pattern called

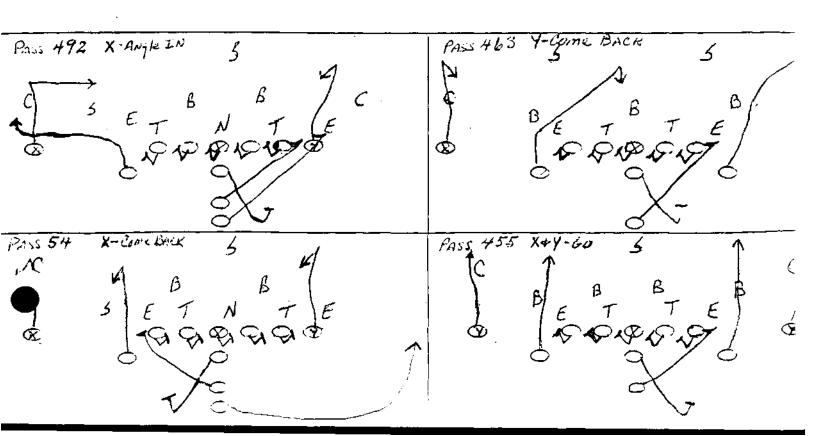
SE - Pattern called

HB - Pattern called, 9 call block second man outside Tackle or help ?

TB - Route called or swing

FB Block first man outside of Tackle

OB - Open, drop to inside leg of tackle, 5 steps



### Pass 6-7 (pro, pro-up, pro ark, trips)

SE -- Route called if none C.O.L. TE -- Route called if none C.O.L. HB -- (Z) Route called if none C.O.L. TB --2 Back: Swing away from call, Flood-2 route to call side, 9 call block LB away from call. 1 BASK: Block playside LB if no blitz curl at 6-7 yards in void, Flood-2 route to call side. FB --Block playside LB, if no blitz curl at 6-7 yards in void. QB -- 5 step drop, set up behind center. **OT** --BOB protection OG -- BOB protection, combo w/ center on shade to MLB oc -- BOB protection, combo w/ guard on 1 tech. or shade PRO RT. PASS 6 Z-POST COCK, Y-D N C.O.L. \* C.O.L. ومزعته PRO RT. UP PASS 72 X-angle PRO RT PASS 69 Z-comehock, Y-REY. ANGLE IN 000000000 Pass 74 Flood X-post PRO RT. UP PASS 61 Flood Z-postourl, Y-40 002000 WEDE LT. TRIPS PASS 613 Flood X-Slave WIDE RT. TRIPS PAGE 745 X-COMEBACK

## PLAYS: Pass 6-7 STOP

### Assignments:

## Backside

SE - Stop pattern; run at and break offof corner at 12 yards

TE - Inside release; slant to 12 yards, "sit" in middle

HB - (Z) Stop pattern; run at and break off of corner at 12 yards

TB - Swing route away from call, keep stretching the angle(the wider the better) "choke it" at 1 yard from L.O.S.

τ \_ BOB blocking

G \_ BOB blocking

## Onside

C - BOB blocking; combo w/guard to shade or 1 tech.

G - BOB blocking; combo w/center vs. shade

T . - BOB blocking;

TE - Inside release; slant to 12 yards "sit in" middle

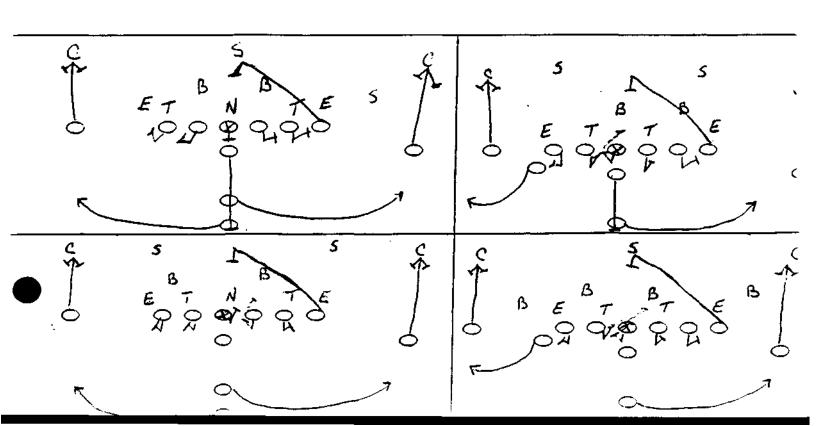
SE - Stop pattern; run at and break off of corner at 12 yards

HB - (Z) Stop pattern; run at and break off of corner at 12 yards

TB - Swing away from call keep stretching the angle (the wider the better) "choke it" at 1 yard from the L.O.S.

FB - Swing to call side keep stretching the angle (the wider the better) "choke it" at 1 yard from the L.O.S.

OB - Straight drop (5 step) anytime the TE is voided- THROW TO HIM!



PLAYS: Pass 8-9

## Assignments:

## For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Pattern called

TE - Pattern called

HB - Pattern called

TB

T - Turnback

G - Turnback

## Onside

C - Turnback

G - Turnback

T - Turnback

TE - Pattern called

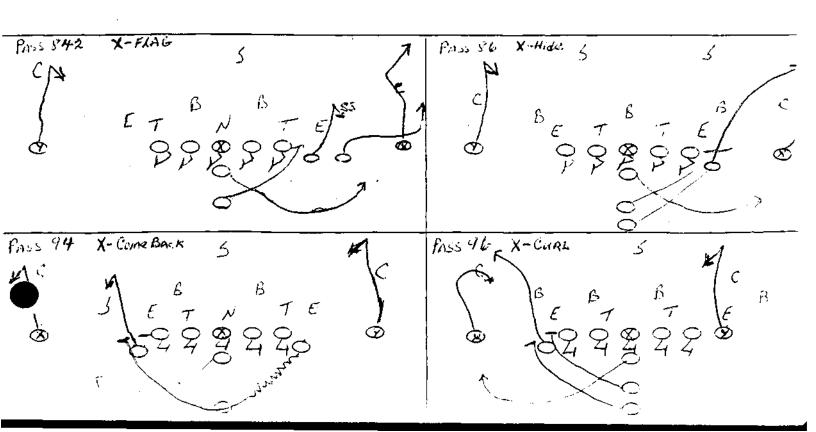
SE - Pattern called

HB - Pattern called

TB Drive block outside of FB (trips-run mattern called)

FB - Block 1st man outside of tackle

observed - Open, get depth, sprint out past tackle, attack perimeter



## For Run

## For Pass

## **Backside**

SE - Route according to call

TE - Route according to call

HB - Route according to call

TB - Poute according to call

T - Big man on big man

 $_{\mbox{\scriptsize G}}$  - Big man to big man

## Onside

C - Big man on big man

G - Big man to big man

T - Big man to big man

TE - Route according to call

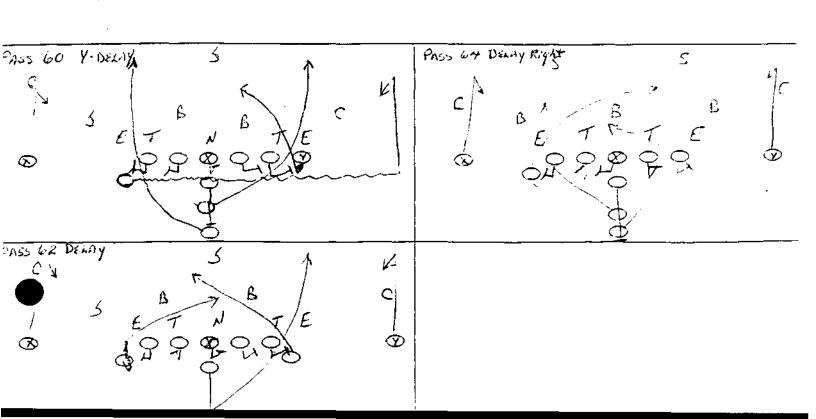
SE - Route according to call

HB - Route according to call

TB - Route according to call

FB - Route according to call

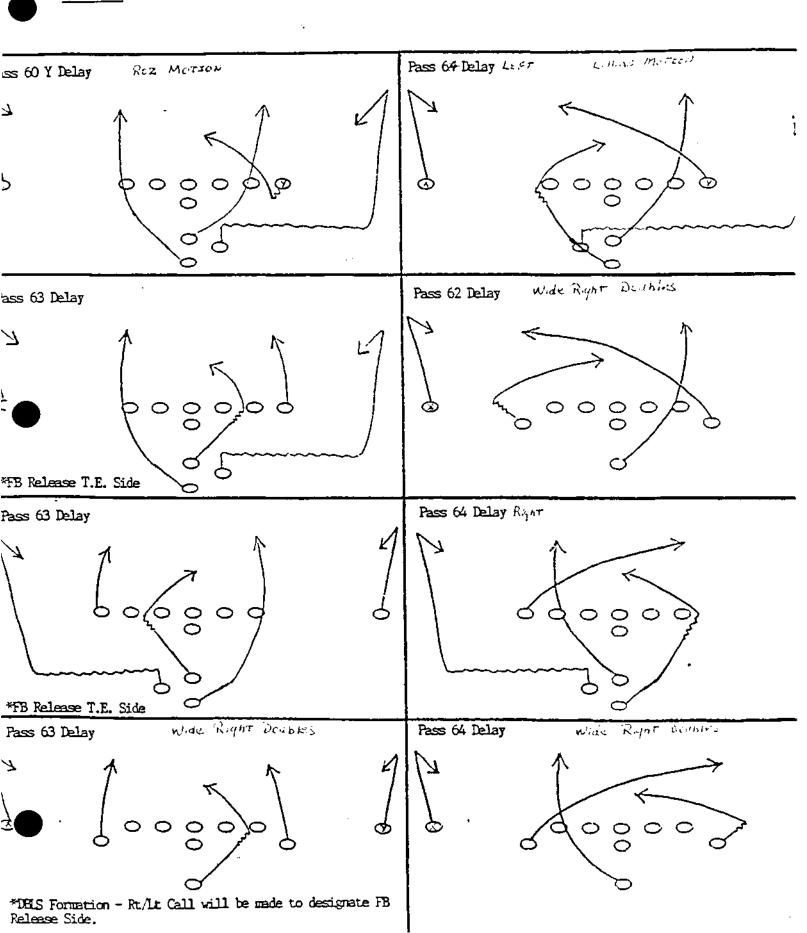
OB - Straight drop, read LB for "hot" receiver



HLOOKENG: B.O.B. Both Sides

ROUTES: Memorized According to Receiver Called

OB READS: Check L.B.'s for "HUT" Receiver



PLAYS: 60 OB Draw

Assignments:

## For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Deep pattern and block

TE - Deep pattern and block

HB - Deep pattern and block (motion if called)

TB - Block LB backside

T - Big man on big man

G - Big man on big man

## Onside

C - Big man on big man

G - Big man on big man

T - Big man on big man

TE - Deep pattern and block

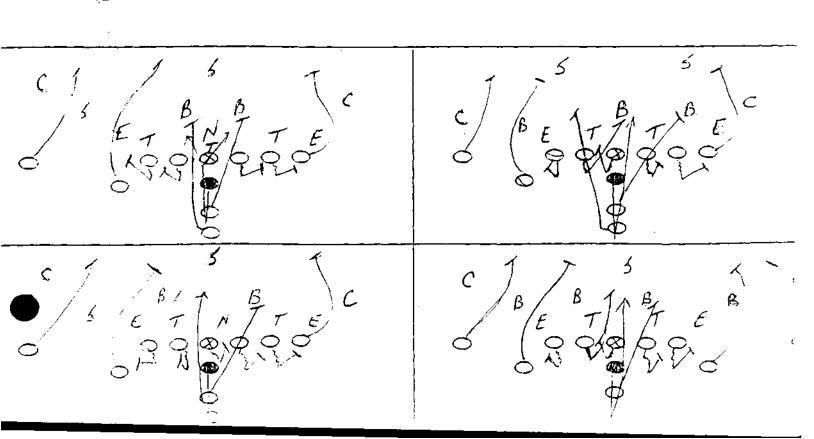
SE - Deep pattern and block

HB - Deep pattern and block

TB - Block LB weak side

FB - Block LB strong side

OB - Drop, set, go



PLAYS: Pass 4/5 FB Screen

### Assignments:

## For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Outside release go

TE - Outside release to

HB - Outside release go, (trips) 2 route

TB - Outside pass rush and cut

T - Invite pass rush and cut

G - Delay 2 counts, release and block flat coverage defender

## Onside

C - Delay 2 counts, release and block seam to FS

G - Delay 2 counts, release and block seam inside on pursuit

T - On

TE - Outside release go (trios) run bost

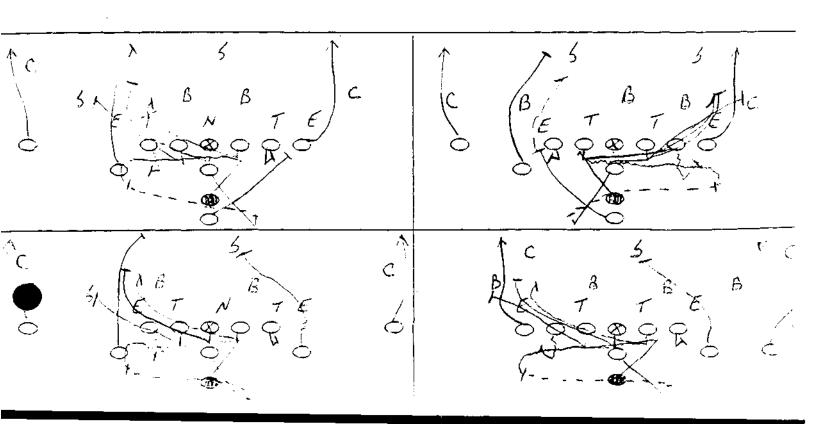
SE - Outside release go, (trips) run post

HB - If covered, block rusher, if uncovered downfield to FS

TB - If covered, block rusher, if uncovered downfield to FS

FB - Step nass 4/5, work down LOS, set up 7 yds wide, 4 yds deep

OB - Drop pass 4/5, look off, invite the rush, throw screen



PLAYS: Pass 32-33 Screen at 687

### Assignments:

### For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Outside release go

TE - outside release go

HB - Motion, filter into LOS behind guard, swing Myds deep, set up when OB drops

TB - Motion, filter into LOS behind guards, swing 4yds deep, set up when OB drops

T - Invite rush inside. cut, or pugh outside if rusher takes outside path

G - Sten aggressive playside, delay two counts, release and block flat coverage

## Onsid<u>e</u>

C - Step aggressive playside, delay two counts, release flat flat, up seam to FS

G - Step aggressive playside, delay two counts, release flat, block back on pursuit

T - On and aggressive

TE - Outside release go

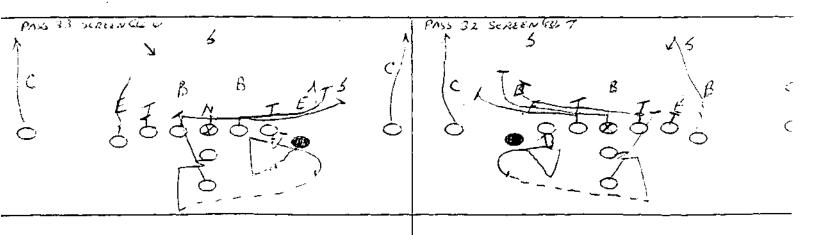
SE - Outside release go

HB - Slow down rushing outside backer, run COL

TB - Slow down rushing outside backer, run COL

FB - 32-33 Path, block

OB - Fake 32-33, continue down LOS 2 stems, drops 4 stems, throw screen, bug time back toward screen if necessary



PLAYS: Pass 4/5 X or Y Middle Screen

Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Downfield

TE - Downfield

HB - Block corner

TB - Block flat responsibilty defender

T - Step screen side, re-direct the defenders thange block 1st man outside at LB level

G - Step screen side, re-direct the defenders charge, block downfield LB to FS

## Onside

 Step screen side, re-direct the defenders charge, block downfield LB to FS

 G - Step screen side, re-direct the defenders charge, block downfield LB to FS

 T - Step screen side, re-direct the defenders charge, block downfield LB to FS

TE - 1 step back off LOS, come down LOS to a point no less than 5 yds outside of tackle to make catch (must be made behind LOS)

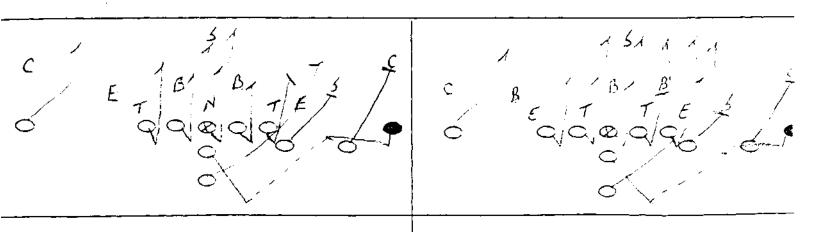
SE - 1 step back off LOS, come down LOS to a point no less than 5 yds outside of tackle to make catch (must be made behind LOS)

HB - Block corner

TB - Block flat responsibility defender

FB - Step p as 4/5, up the seam to FE

OB - Drop pass 4/5, throw screen to a point no less than 5 vds outside of tackle (catch must be made behind LOS)



PLAYS: Pass Ouich screen at 6-9

Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Downfield

TE - Downfield

HB - (Dbl's) downfield to FS, (trips) blook corner

TB - Downfield to FS

T - Shut off and down field to LB

G - Reach

## Onside

C Reach

G - Reach, up field to first threat

T - Pelease, block flat coverage defender

TE - Come off hard 1 step, 2 steps back for ball

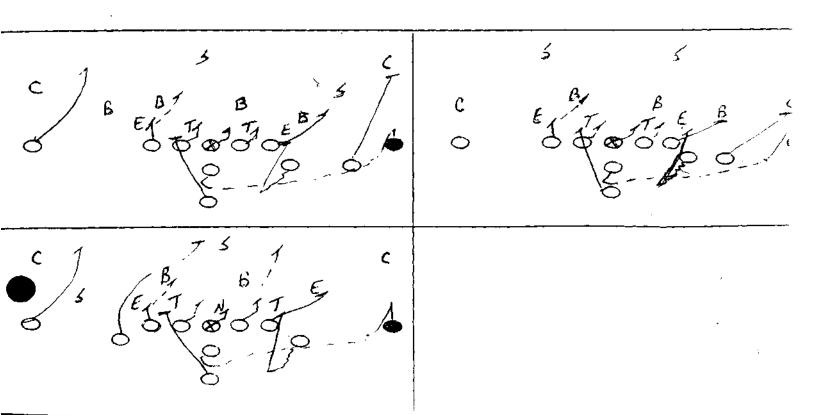
SE - Come off hard 1 step, 2 steps back for ball

HB - Motion, pivot and "H" screen side

TB - Motion, pivot, and "H" screen side

FB - Fake 32 33 away, block "A" gan

OB - Fake cut away, pivot, throw screen



PLAYS: Slin screen at 8-9

Assignments:

For Run

For Pass

## Backside

SE - Downfield

TE - Downfield

HB - Motion, receiver

TB - Motion, receiver

T - Hinge playside gap

G - Hinge playside gap

## Onside

C - Hinge playside gap

G - On and aggressive

T - On and aggressive (if uncovered block playside LB)

TE - Switch

SE - Switch

HB - Receiver/arc blocker

TB - Receiver/arc blocker

FB - "5" block (be prepared to block wide 5 technique)

OB - Pass 8-9 drop

